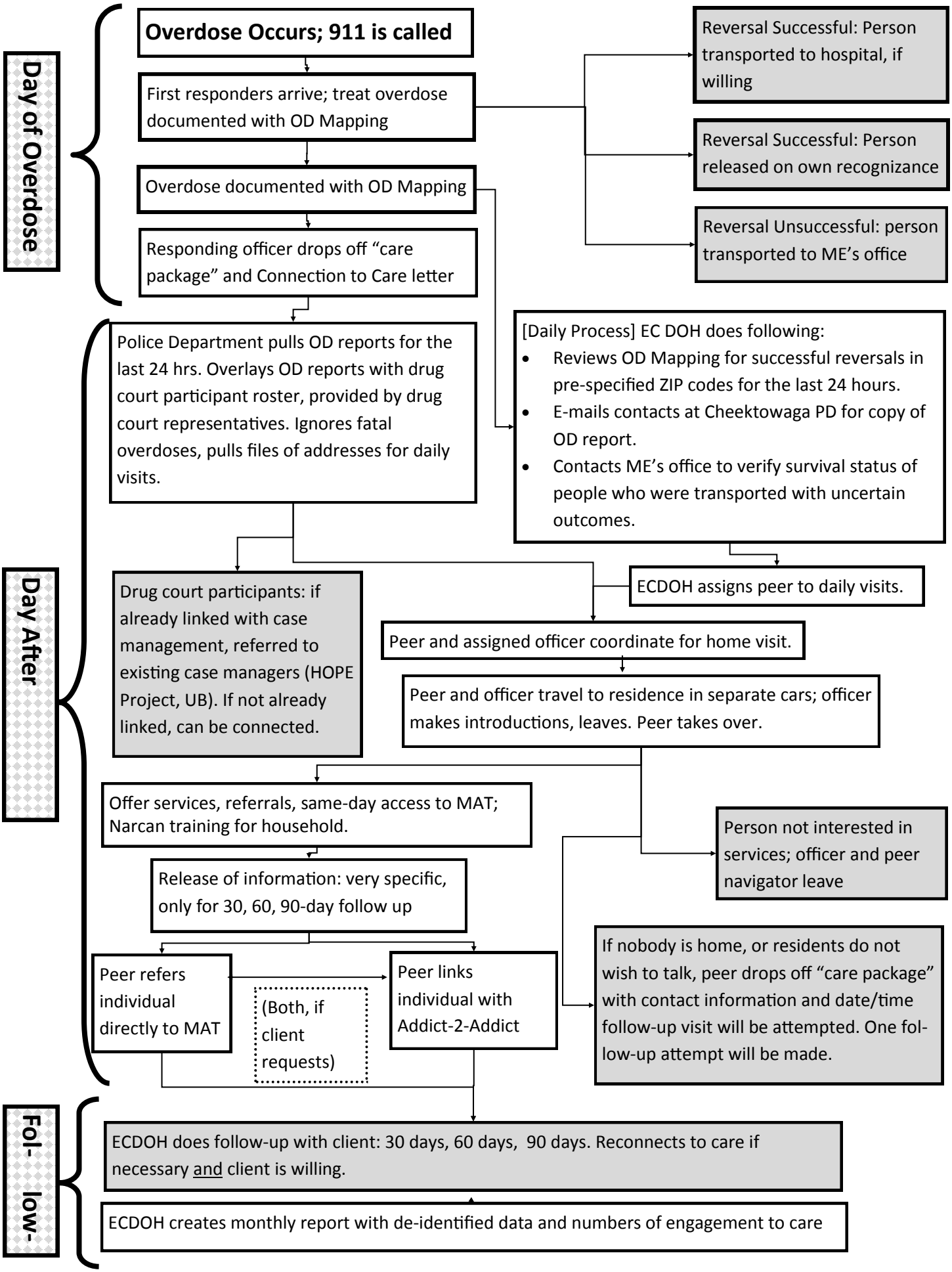
Day of Overdose
Overdose Occurs; 911 is called
First responders arrive; treat overdose documented with OD Mapping
Overdose documented with OD Mapping
Responding officer drops off "care package" and Connection to Care letter
Reversal Successful: Person transported to hospital, if willing
Reversal Successful: Person released on own recognizance
Reversal Unsuccessful: person transported to ME's office
Day After
Police Department pulls OD reports for the last 24 hrs. Overlays OD reports with drug court participant roster, provided by drug court representatives. Ignores fatal overdoses, pulls files of addresses for daily visits.
[Daily Process] EC DOH does following:
• Reviews OD Mapping for successful reversals in pre-specified ZIP codes for the last 24 hours.
• E-mails contacts at Cheektowaga PD for copy of OD report.
• Contacts ME's office to verify survival status of people who were transported with uncertain outcomes.
ECDOH assigns peer to daily visits.
Drug court participants: if already linked with case management, referred to existing case managers (HOPE Project, UB). If not already linked, can be connected.
Peer and assigned officer coordinate for home visit.
Peer and officer travel to residence in separate cars; officer makes introductions, leaves. Peer takes over.
Offer services, referrals, same-day access to MAT; Narcan training for household.
Person not interested in services; officer and peer navigator leave
Release of information: very specific, only for 30, 60, 90-day follow up
Peer refers individual directly to MAT
(Both, if client requests)
Peer links individual with Addict-2-Addict
If nobody is home, or residents do not wish to talk, peer drops off "care package" with contact information and date/time follow-up visit will be attempted. One fol-low-up attempt will be made.
Fol-low-
ECDOH does follow-up with client: 30 days, 60 days, 90 days. Reconnects to care if necessary and client is willing.
ECDOH creates monthly report with de-identified data and numbers of engagement to care